JUL 17 2006

PTO/SB/21 (09-04) Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0031

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

aperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons a

TRANSMIT	TAL
FORM	

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission

are required to respond to a collection	n of information unless it displays a valid OMB control numbe	
Application Number	10/643,622	
Filing Date	August 18, 2003	
First Named Inventor	Eugene Feng	
Art Unit	2181	
Examiner Name	Farooq, Mohammad O.	
Attorney Docket Number	351913-992800	

	ENC	CLOSURES (Check all that a	pply)			
Fee Transmittal Form		Drawing(s)		After Allowance Communication to TC		
Fee Attached		Licensing-related Papers		Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences		
Amendment/Reply		Petition	\boxtimes	Amended Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)		
After Final		Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application		Proprietary Information		
Affidavits/declar	ration(s)	Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Addre	ess 📗	Status Letter		
Extension of Time Red	quest	Terminal Disclaimer		Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below):		
Express Abandonmen	nt Request	Request for Refund		Return Post Card.		
Information Disclosure		CD, Number of CD(s) Landscape Table on CD				
Certified Copy of Prior Document(s)	Re	emarks				
Response to Missing I						
Response to M under 37 CFR 1.5	lissing Parts					
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT						
Firm Name DI A Ring			1, 01 40	LIVI		
Firm Name DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP						
Signature Rundel TII						
Printed name Ronald L	L. Yin		*			
Date July 13,	2006		Reg. No.	27,607		
CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING						
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with						

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

American LegalNet, Inc. www.USCourtForms.com

Date

July 13, 2006

the date shown below.

Typed or printed name

Rosa A. Caviedes

Signature



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of

Eugene Feng

Application No. 10/643,622

Filed: August 18, 2003

For: MEMORY DEVICE OPERABLE WITH A

PLURALITY OF PROTOCOLS

Mail Stop Appeal Brief-Patents Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 Group Art Unit: 2181

Examiner: Farooq, Mohammad O.

AMENDED APPEAL BRIEF

2000 University Avenue

East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2248

(650) 833-2000

Technology Center: 2100

Control Number: 10/643,622

Certificate of Mailing

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as FIRST CLASS MAIL in an envelope addressed to: Mail Stop Appeal Brief-Patents, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on:

July 13, 2006

Rosa A. Caviedes

Dear Sir/Madam:

This is a brief for an appeal from a Final Office Action dated December 2, 2005, and from a Notice of Appeal that was filed on February 23, 2006, and is further in response to the notice of Non-Compliant Appeal Brief dated June 20, 2006.

Application No.: 10/643,622 Attorney Docket No.: 351913-992800 (2102397-992800)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Real Party in	Interest
RELATED A	PPEALS AND INTERFERENCES
STATUS OF	CLAIMS
STATUS OF	AMENDMENTS
SUMMARY	OF CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER
GROUNDS (OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL
ARGUMENT	3
1.	Claim 1 was Improperly Rejected under 35 U.S. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al. in view of Pardillos et al
2.	Claims 2-8 were Improperly Rejected under 35 U.S. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al. and Pardillos et al. in view of Pereira et 5
3.	Claim 9 was Improperly Rejected under 35 U.S. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al., in view of Pardillos et al., and Pereira et al. and further in view of Alexander et al
CONCLUSIO	0N8
ADDENIDIY	· ·



The real party of interest is Silicon Storage Technology, Inc., pursuant to the assignment executed on August 15, 2003, and recorded on August 18, 2003 at reel 014415 and frame 0824.

Related Appeals and Interferences

There are no related appeals or interferences.

Status of Claims

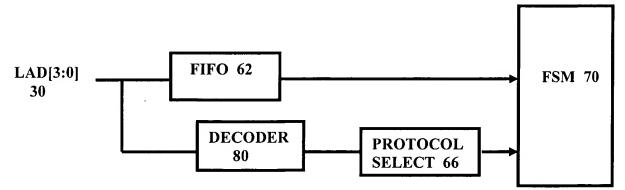
Claims 1-9 were originally presented on the filing of the application. This is an appeal of the rejected Claims 1-9.

Status of Amendments

No amendments were filed subsequent to final rejection.

Summary of Claimed Subject Matter

Applicants' invention, as claimed, deals with a memory device which interfaces with an integrated circuit communicating via a communication bus. An illustrative example of the device is shown in the application in Figure 4, reproduced hereinbelow.



Specifically with respect to independent claim 1, the memory device 120 (shown in Figure 3) communicates via a communication bus 30, shown in Figures 3, 4 and 5. See also paragraph 14 (hereinafter [0014]), page 3. The device 120 comprises a decoding circuit which is

shown as the decoder 80, shown in Figure 4, which receives the communication signals via the communication bus 30. See [0015] page 4. The decoder 80 decodes the communication signals and generates a plurality of protocol signals in response thereto. See [0015] page 4. The protocol signals are supplied to the protocol select circuits 66, shown in Figures 4 and 5. See also [0015] page 4, and [0016] page 4. As stated in claim 1, "a protocol select circuit for receiving said plurality protocol signals." Thus, the output of the decoder circuit 80 is connected to the protocol select circuit 66. Claim 1 further recites an array of memory cells. This is shown as the memory 50 in Figure 3. See also [0015] page 4. Claim 1 further recites a controller circuit for controlling the operation of the array of memory cells. In Figure 4, the controller circuit is the finite state machine circuit 70. See also [0015] page 4. Finally, the protocol select circuit 66, configures the controller circuit 70 in response to the plurality protocol signals received from the decoder circuit 80. See Figure 4 and [0015], page 4. Thus, claim 1 as recited discloses a decoder circuit 80 connected to the communication bus 30 for receiving communication signals therefrom, and generates signals that are supplied to the protocol select circuit 66 which processes those signals and supplies them to the finite state machine circuit 70, which then controls the memory array.

Independent claim 7 recites a memory device for interfacing with an integrated circuit communicating via an LPC bus. This is shown as LPC bus 30 in Figures 3, 4 and 5, and is also disclosed in [0014] page 3. A decoding circuit receives the start field and generates a plurality of protocol signals. This is shown as the decoder 80. See Figure 4 and [0015] page 4. A protocol select circuit receives the plurality of protocol signals. The protocol signals are supplied to the protocol select circuits 66, shown in Figures 4 and 5. See also [0015] page 4, and [0016] page 4. An array of memory cells 50 is shown in Figure 3. See also [0015] page 4.

controller circuit controls the operation of the array of the memory cells. In Figure 4, the controller circuit is the finite state machine circuit 70. See also [0015] page 4. Finally the protocol select circuit configures the controller circuit in response to the plurality of protocol signals. The protocol select circuit 66 configures the controller circuit 70 in response to the plurality protocol signals received from the decoder circuit 80. See Figure 4 and [0015], page 4.

Grounds of Rejection to be Reviewed on Appeal

The grounds of rejection to be reviewed on appeal are as follows:

- 1. Whether claim 1 was properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 5,805,931 ("Morzano et al.") in view of U.S. Patent 5,367,646 ("Pardillos et al.")
- 2. Whether claims 2-8 were properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al. in view of Pardillos et al. further in view of U.S. Patent 6,542,391 ("Pereira et al.")
- 3. Whether claim 9 was properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al. in view of Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al. and further in view of U.S. Patent 6,188,602 ("Alexander et al").

Argument

1. <u>Claim 1 was Improperly Rejected under 35 U.S. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al. in view of Pardillos et al.</u>

In the final rejection, the examiner alleged that Morzano taught Applicant's invention as set forth in claim 1 in the following manner:

A decoding circuit is set forth in item 378, Figure 10 of Morzano; a protocol select circuit is shown by the controller circuit described in col. 14, lines 8-23; an array of memory cells is

shown by the SAMs, as described in col. 14, lines 8-23; and the protocol select circuit for configuring the controller circuit in response to the plurality of protocol signals is shown in Fig. 7-13, col. 14, lines 8-23. According to the examiner: "Morzano et al. do not teach a control circuit for controlling the operation of said array of memory cells. Pardillos et al. teach a control circuit for controlling the operation of said array of memory cells (i.e. memory access controller; col. 21, line 50 - col. 22, line 29). However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the teachings of Morzano et al. and Pardillos et al. because that would provide the best use of microprocessor performance wherein it would not be limited by the existence of only one bus (col. 3, lines 65 – col. 4, line 7)."

As discussed above, Applicant's invention as claimed describes the interconnection of a number of elements in a specified manner. For example, the decoding circuit 80 receives communication signals from the bus 30 and generates a plurality of protocol signals which are supplied to a protocol select circuit 66, which in turn configures the controller circuit 70, which controls the operation of an array of memory cells.

According to the examiner, the decoder circuit of applicant's invention as claimed is met by the element 378 shown in Figure 10. Further, according to the Examiner, the protocol circuit of applicant's invention as claimed is met by the controller circuit shown in col. 14, lines 8-23 of Morzano et al. However, a reading of Morzano et al. shows that nowhere is the decoder 378 specifically mentioned in col. 14, lines 8-23. What is mentioned instead is that "[E]ach of the SAMs 502, 504... 510 receives decode signals from a respective decoder 542, 544...550 which, in turn, receive appropriate signals from a respective controller circuit 562, 564... 570." The controller circuit 562, 564 ... 570, however, is shown in Fig. 14. It is shown as supplying signals TO a SAM 0 decoder, which is shown in Figure 10, of which decoder 378 is a part thereof.

Thus, contrary to Applicant's invention as claimed, Morzano et al. does not teach a decoder receiving a bus signal and generating decoded signals and SUPPLYING the decoded signal to a protocol select circuit. Instead, in Morzano et al. it appears the controller circuit supplies signals to a decoder circuit.

The Examiner further conceded that Morzano does not disclose a control circuit for controlling the operation of said array of memory cells. However, according to the Examiner, this is met by the memory access controller; col. 21, line 50 - col. 22, line 29 of Pardillos et al. Applicant respectfully submits that even if it were obvious to combine Morzano et al. and Pardillos et al., (an assumption not concede by applicant) the resultant combination would still not result in applicant's invention as claimed in two significant manner: 1) as previously discussed, the combination still does not disclose a protocol circuit which receives signals from a decoder circuit; and 2) the Examiner has failed to demonstrate how the controller circuit of Pardillos et al. is configured by the protocol select circuit as claimed in applicant's claim 1.

In response to applicant's arguments, the examiner stated that "the rejection is an obviousness rejection not an anticipation rejection" What the examiner fails to note is that even in an obviousness rejection, using a combination of references, the combination must teach all of the claimed elements connected in the manner recited in the rejected claim. In this case, the combination of Morzano et al. and Pardillos et al. fails to show the interconnection of the claimed elements, as recited in claim 1.

2. <u>Claims 2-8 were Improperly Rejected under 35 U.S. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al. and Pardillos et al. in view of Pereira et al.</u>

In the final rejection, the examiner rejected claims 2-6 and alleged that Morzano et al. and Pardillos et al. taught Applicant's invention as set forth in claim 1 but that neither Morzano

et al. nor Pardillos et al taught non-volatile storage element, and that Morzano taught volatile storage element, and that Pereira et al. taught non-volatile storage element.

Applicant respectfully submits that since claims 2-6 are dependent upon claim 1, the same shortcomings of the combination of Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. is not overcome by the addition of the reference Pereira et al. In particular, the combination of Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al. does not disclose the claimed limitations of a decoding circuit generating a plurality of protocol signals which are supplied to a protocol select circuit, which configures a controller circuit, which controls the operation of an array of memory cells.

With respect to claim 7, which is an independent claim, and which recites a more limiting feature of claim 1, namely that the communication signal is in the LPC protocol, the Examiner also rejected claim 7 based upon the combination of references Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al. Similar to claim 1, claim 7 also recites the interconnection of a number of elements in a specified manner. For example, the decoding circuit receives the start field of an LPC signal and generates a plurality of protocol signals which are supplied to a protocol select circuit, which configures the controller circuit, which controls the operation of an array of memory cells.

As with the rejection of claim 1 based upon the combination of Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al, the Examiner failed to recognize that the combination of references Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al. does not disclose the interconnection of a number of claim elements in a specified manner, such as, the decoding circuit, receiving the start field of an LPC signal and generating a plurality of protocol signals which are supplied to a protocol select circuit, which configures the controller circuit, which controls the operation of an array of

memory cells. Furthermore, the combination of Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al. also does not teach processing of an LPC communication signal in the manner set forth in claim 7. In fact, the Examiner's rejection appears to be "canned" in that the Examiner stated "Pereira et al teach non-volatile memory (col. 18, lines 17-25)." However, nothing in claim 7 recites a non-volatile memory.

With respect claim 8, which is dependent upon claim 7, applicant respectfully submits that the same shortcomings of the combination of Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. is not overcome by the addition of the reference Pereira et al. In particular, the combination of Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al. does not disclose the claimed limitations of a decoding circuit generating a plurality of protocol signals which are supplied to a protocol select circuit, which configures a controller circuit, which controls the operation of an array of memory cells.

Thus, applicant respectfully submits that the claims 2-8 were improperly rejected by the combination of Morzano et al. with Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al.

3. <u>Claim 9 was Improperly Rejected under 35 U.S. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Morzano et al., in view of Pardillos et al., and Pereira et al. and further in view of Alexander et al.</u>

In rejecting claim 9, which depends upon claim 7, the Examiner conceded that the combination of Morzano et al., in view of Pardillos et al., and Pereira et al. do not teach protocol for LPC communication and for FWH communication. According to the examiner, Alexander et a. teach protocol for LPC communication and for FWH communication.

However, as before the combination of Morzano et al., in view of Pardillos et al., and Pereira et al. and further in view of Alexander et al. still fails to teach the interconnection of a number of elements in a specified manner, such as, the decoding circuit, receiving the start field

of an LPC signal and generating a plurality of protocol signals which are supplied to a protocol

select circuit, which configures the controller circuit, which controls the operation of an array of

memory cells.

Therefore, for this reason, the rejection of claim 9 based upon the combination of

Morzano et al. in view of Pardillos et al. and Pereira et al. and further in view of Alexander et al.

is improper.

Conclusion

For all of the reasons set forth hereinabove, Applicants respectfully submit that the claims

appended hereto are patentable and urge a reversal of the final rejection.

Respectfully submitted,

DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP

Dated: July 13, 2006

Reg. No. 27,607

Attorney for Applicant(s)

ATTN: Patent Department

DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP

2000 University Avenue

East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2248

Tel: (650) 833-2000 Fax: (650) 833-2001

ronald.yin@dlapiper.com

EM\7202610.2 351913-992800

8

Appendix

1. A memory device for interfacing with an integrated circuit communicating via a communication bus, said device comprising:

a decoding circuit for receiving communication signals received via the communication bus, for decoding the communication signals and for generating a plurality of protocol signals in response thereto;

a protocol select circuit for receiving said plurality of protocol signals;

an array of memory cells;

a controller circuit for controlling the operation of said array of memory cells;

said protocol select circuit for configuring the controller circuit in response to the plurality of protocol signals.

- 2. The device of claim 1 wherein said memory cells are non-volatile memory cells.
- 3. The device of claim 2 wherein said protocol select circuit is a volatile storage element.
- 4. The device of claim 3 wherein said volatile storage element is a register.
- 5. The device of claim 3 wherein said volatile storage element is a flip-flop.
- 6. The device of claim 3 wherein said volatile storage element is an SRAM.
- 7. A memory device for interfacing with an integrated circuit communicating via an LPC bus, said circuit generating a start field, said device comprising:

a decoding circuit for receiving the start field and for generating a plurality of protocol signals;

a protocol select circuit for receiving said plurality of protocol signals;

an array of non-volatile memory cells;

a controller circuit for controlling the operation of said array of non-volatile memory cells;

said protocol select circuit for configuring the controller circuit in response to the plurality of protocol signals.

- 8. The device of claim 7 wherein said protocol select circuit is a flip-flop.
- 9. The device of claim 7 wherein said plurality of protocol signals represent protocol for LPC communication and for FWH communication

JUL 1 7 2006

CERTIFIC	Docket No.			
	351913-992800			
Applicant: EUGENE FENG			(2102397-992800)	
Serial No.	Filing Date	Examiner	Group Art Unit	
10/643,622	August 18, 2003	FAROOQ, MOHAMMAD O.	2181	
Invention: MEMORY DEVICE OPERABLE WITH A PLURALITY OF PROTOCOLS				

I hereby certify that this an AMENDED BRIEF for an APPEAL from a Final Office Action

of 12-2-05

(Identify type of correspondence)

is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "First Class Mail" in an envelope addressed to: The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on July 13, 2006.

ROSA A.CAVIEDES

(Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence)

Som a Caviedes

(Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence)

Via First Class Mail)